Claims

- 1. A power amplifier circuit comprising:
 - a first transistor having a first input and a first output;
- a second transistor having a second input coupled in series with the first output of the first transistor;

an input circuit coupled to the first input of the first transistor; and

a power control circuit coupled to the second input of the second transistor, the control circuit including:

- a time delay circuit; and
- a variable source.
- 2. The circuit of claim 1, wherein the variable source includes a digital input and a digital-to-analog converter.
- 3. The circuit of claim 1, wherein the variable source includes a variable current source.
- 4. The circuit of claim 1, wherein the time delay circuit includes at least one of a resistor and a capacitor.
- 5. The circuit of claim 4, wherein at least one of the resistor and the capacitor are variable.
- 6. The circuit of claim 1, wherein power amplifier circuit is included within a transmitter.
- 7. The circuit of claim 1, wherein power amplifier circuit is included within wireless data link transmitter.
- 8. A data link system comprising:

- a first receiver; and
- a first transmitter including:
- a power control circuit coupled to a power control input, the power control circuit including:
 - a time delay circuit; and
 - a variable current source.
- 9. A power amplifier circuit comprising:
 - a first transistor having a first input and a first output;
- a second transistor having a second input coupled in series with the first output of the first transistor;

an input circuit coupled to the first input of the first transistor; and

a power control circuit coupled to the second input of the second transistor, the power control circuit including:

an RC time delay circuit; and

a variable current source including a digital input and a digital-toanalog converter.

- 10. The circuit of claim 9, wherein at least one of the resistor and the capacitor are variable.
- 11. A method of controlling power output of an amplifier comprising:

receiving a control signal;

producing a stepped power control signal including a plurality of power control steps, wherein producing each one of the plurality of steps includes:

producing a step voltage; and

applying a time delay to the step voltage; and

applying the stepped power control signal to a power control input of the amplifier.

- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the control signal is a digital control signal.
- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein the digital control signal is input to a digital-to-analog converter to produce an analog control signal.
- 14. The method of claim 11, wherein the control signal determines a number of steps included in the plurality of steps.
- 15. The method of claim 11, further comprising varying at least one aspect of the time delay to modify the time delay.
- 16. The method of claim 11, wherein at least one of the plurality of steps will cause the amplifier to produce a desired output power level.
- 17. The method of claim 11, wherein an elapsed time from a first one of the plurality of steps to a second one of the plurality of steps is less than a maximum ramp time, wherein the second one of the plurality of steps corresponds to a desired output power level of the amplifier.
- 18. The method of claim 11, wherein a plurality of harmonics are substantially eliminated at each one of the plurality of steps.